

## DETAILS OF THE PARTICIPANT

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- i) Name -> KUNAL BAGHA
- ii) Email -> kb2010967@gmail.com
- iii) MOB NO -> 7003577836
- iv) Name of the University -> Indira Gandhi National Open University,
- v) Address of participant -> 1/a, Hospital Lane, Hastings, Kolkata - 700022.
- vi) Address of the University -> IGNOU Regional Centre BIKASH BHAVAN NORTH BLOCK, 4<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR, SALT LAKE, KOLKATA- 700091

## Swami Vivekananda

"Sister and Brother of America..." was the first line that Swamiji greeted the member of the 'World's Parliament of Religions, Chicago' at 11<sup>th</sup> of September, 1893. For this phrase only he got a standing Ovation from the attendees present there, this goes to shows how compassionate Swamiji was.

His purpose in life was to make sure that he could spread as much knowledge as he can, that he spread as much alarm he can through his words and knowledge.

Swami Vivekananda was a great patriotic leader. He was born in on January 12, 1863, in Calcutta as one of the eight siblings of his parents Vishwanath Datta and Bhuvaneshwari Devi.

From starting he was a brilliant boy and was active in music, gymnastics, and science. He graduated from the University of Calcutta and acquired knowledge on various subjects, including history and western Philosophy. He was influenced by a yogic temperament and practised meditation. His mother was a pious woman who from childhood influenced him in shaping his character. She taught Vivekananda the English lesson and then introduced him to the Bengali alphabet. Vivekananda studied at the metropolitan institution in Calcutta.

Swami Vivekananda joined the institution of the General Assembly founded by the Scottish general

missionary mission in Calcutta, where he passed the B.A. exam and joined law school. After the death of his father, the financial situation of his family did not allow him to continue prosecution.

Naren established in his later life the Ramakrishna mission, which has been engaged in voluntary work for the poor and suffering, regardless of caste, region and religion. Narendranath was later called "Swami Vivekananda" when he became a monk.

Many devotees and followers attracted Swami Vivekananda in the Europe and U.S, including William James, Josephine MacLeod. Swamiji initiated many followers; Marie Louise and Dean Landsberg were amongst them. During his stay in America, Vivekananda received land in the mountains southeast of San Jose, California to organize a retreat for Vedanta students. He called it the "peace retreat" or Shanti Ashram. The Vivekananda manta also initiated Christina Greenide from Detroit, and she became Sister Christine and established close father-daughter relations.

From the West, Swami Vivekananda spread his work in India. He corresponded regularly with his followers, offering advice and financial support. His letters of that period reflected his social service campaign and were strongly worded.

He wrote Alchandananda: "Come from door to door among the poor and lower classes of the city of

Khetri and teach their religion.

He was also the mind behind his creation "Swami Vivekananda and his Nine Volumes" of work, which he wrote, which inspired him to do what he was meant to do, to write down his thoughts & to live them. In the four volumes of the works of Swamiji which are to be composed the present edition, we have what is not only a gospel to the world at large, but also to its own children, the Charter of the Hindu Faith.

But he never disrespected or belittled other religions. "If one religion is true, then all the others also must be true." For him all the religions were like flowers and if we could bind them together with the cord of love, make them into a wonderful bouquet of worship, it would make this world a much more merrier place to live in.

He used to say that YOGA is the ultimate form of salvation, there is no bigger truth than YOGA. He believed in the true nature of YOGA. He was one of the best that humanity had to offer.

The Shantiprakash, the Guru and the Motherland are the three notes that mingle themselves to form the music of the works of Vivekananda. These are the treasure which it is his to offer. These furnish him with the ingredients whereof he compounds the world's heal-all of the spiritual bounty. These

are the three lights burning within that single  
lamp which India by his hand lighted and  
set up, for the guidance of her own children  
and of the world in the few years of  
work between September 19, 1893 and July 4,  
1902. And some of us here are, who, for  
the sake of that lighting, and of this record  
that he has left behind him, bless the  
land that bore him and the hand of those  
who sent him forth, and believe that not  
even yet has it been given to us to  
understand the various and significance of the  
message that he spoke.

Swami Vivekananda died on 4 July  
1902, in Belur. He died due to rupture  
in the blood vessel of his brain. His  
thoughts have always inspired people and will  
always be a source of energy for future  
generations.